and references to sale, purchase, conveyance and ownership include the types of interests and transactions that are incident to cooperative ownership.

(b) Nonretroactivity. In the case of a Section 5(h) homeownership plan that was approved by HUD prior to the effective date of the interim rule under this part (October 21, 1991), no modifications or additional requirements will be imposed under the provisions of the interim or final rule, except for reasonable administrative procedures prescribed by HUD. Similarly, in the case of a plan that was approved under the interim rule, before the effective date of the final rule (December 12, 1994), no modifications or additional requirements will be imposed under the provisions of the final rule, except for such reasonable administrative procedures.

§ 906.3 General authority for sale.

A PHA may sell all or a portion of a public housing development to eligible residents, as defined under §906.8, for purposes of homeownership, according to a homeownership plan approved by HUD under this part. If the development is subject to indebtedness under the ACC, HUD will continue to make any debt service contributions for which it is obligated under the ACC, and the property sold will not be subject to the encumbrance of that indebtedness. (In the case of a development with financing restrictions (such as a bond-financed development), however, sale is subject to the terms and conditions of the applicable restrictions.) Upon sale in accordance with the HUDapproved homeownership plan, HUD will execute a release of the title restrictions prescribed by the ACC. Because the property will no longer be subject to the ACC after sale, it will cease to be eligible for further HUD funding for public housing operating subsidies or modernization under the Act upon conveyance of title by the PHA. (That does not preclude any other types of post-sale subsidies that may be available, under other Federal, State, or local programs, such as the possibility of available assistance under Section 8 of the Act, in connection with a plan for cooperative homeownership, if authorized by the Section 8 regulations.)

§ 906.4 Fundamental criteria for HUD approval.

HUD will approve a PHA's homeownership plan if it meets all three of the following criteria:

- (a) Workability. The plan must be practically workable, with sound potential for long-term success. Financial viability, including the capability of purchasers to meet the financial obligations of homeownership, is a critical requirement.
- (b) Legality. The plan must be consistent with law, including the requirements of this part and any other applicable Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations, and existing contracts. Subject to the other two criteria stated in this section, any provision that is not contrary to those legal requirements may be included in the plan, at the discretion of the PHA, whether or not expressly authorized in this part.
- (c) *Documentation*. The plan must be clear and complete enough to serve as a working document for implementation, as well as a basis for HUD review.

§ 906.5 Resident consultation and involvement.

(a) Resident input. In developing a proposed homeownership plan, and in carrying out the plan after HUD approval, the PHA shall consult with residents of the development involved, and with any resident organization that represents them, as necessary and appropriate to provide them with information and a reasonable opportunity to make their views and recommendations known to the PHA. If the plan contemplates sale of units in an entirely vacant development, the PHA shall consult with the PHA-wide resident organization, if any. While the Act gives the PHA sole legal authority for final decisions, as to whether or not to submit a proposed homeownership plan and the content of such a proposal, the PHA shall give residents and their resident organizations full opportunity for input in the homeownership planning process, and full consideration of their concerns and opinions.

(b) Resident initiatives. Where individual residents, a Resident Management Corporation (RMC), or another form of resident organization may wish to initiate discussion of a possible homeownership plan, the PHA shall negotiate with them in good faith. Joint development and submission of the plan by the PHA and RMC, or other resident organization, is encouraged. In addition, participation of an RMC or other resident organization in the implementation of the plan is encouraged.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 2577–0201)

§ 906.6 Property that may be sold.

- (a) Types of property. Subject to the workability criterion of §906.4(a) (including, for example, consideration of common elements and other characteristics of the property), a homeownership plan may provide for sale of one or more dwellings, along with interests in any common elements, comprising all or a portion of one or more public housing developments. A plan may provide for conversion of existing public housing to homeownership or for homeownership sale of newly-developed public housing. (However, for public housing units developed as replacement housing for units demolished or disposed of pursuant to 24 CFR part 970, that part requires that the initial occupants be selected solely on the basis of the requirements governing rental occupancy, without reference to any additional homeownership eligibility or selection requirements under this part.) Turnkey III homeownership units may be converted to Section 5(h) homeownership, upon voluntary termination by any existing Turnkey III homebuyers of their contractual rights and amendment of the ACC, in a form prescribed by HUD.
- (b) Physical condition of property. The property must meet local code requirements (or, if no local code exists, the housing quality standards established by HUD for the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program for Existing Housing, under 24 CFR part 882) and the requirements for elimination of lead-based paint hazards in HUD-associated housing, under subpart C of 24 CFR part 35. When a prospective pur-

chaser with disabilities requests accessible features, the features must be added in accordance with 24 CFR parts 8 and 9. Further, the property must be in good repair, with the major components having a remaining useful life that is sufficient to justify a reasonable expectation that homeownership will be affordable by the purchasers. These standards must be met as a condition for conveyance of a dwelling to an individual purchaser, unless the terms of sale include measures to assure that the work will be completed within a reasonable time after conveyance, not to exceed two years (e.g., as a part of a mortgage financing package that provides the purchaser with a home improvement loan or pursuant to a sound sweat equity arrangement).

§ 906.7 Methods of sale and ownership.

- (a) Permissible methods. Any appropriate method of sale and ownership may be used, such as fee-simple conveyance of single-family dwellings or conversion of multifamily buildings to resident-owned cooperatives or condominiums.
- (b) Direct or indirect sale. A PHA may sell dwellings to residents directly or (with respect to multifamily buildings or a group of single-family dwellings) through another entity established and governed by, and solely composed of, residents of the PHA's public housing, provided that:
- (1) The other entity has the necessary legal capacity and practical capability to carry out its responsibilities under the plan; and
- (2) The respective rights and obligations of the PHA and the other entity will be specified by a written agreement that includes:
- (i) Assurances that the other entity will comply with all provisions of the HUD-approved homeownership plan;
- (ii) Assurances that the PHA's conveyance of the property to the other entity will be subject to a title restriction providing that the property may be resold or otherwise transferred only by conveyance of individual dwellings to eligible residents, in accordance with the HUD-approved homeownership plan, or by reconveyance to the PHA,